

Gallopedia

From **Gilani Research Foundation**

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Compiled on a weekly basis since January 2007

Gilani's Gallopedia is a weekly Digest of Opinions in a globalized world - one window on global opinion polling compiled by Gilani Research Foundation

Who are we?

Gilani's Gallopedia is a weekly digest of opinions in a globalized world. It provides a one window access to Global Opinion Polls on a weekly basis. It is produced by a team of researchers led by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani, and is a not for profit public service. It is co-edited by Mohammad Zubair and Sara Salam.

Our name reflects the rapid pace at which global polls are brought to the community of pollsters and other interested readers. Gilani's Gallopedia is not related to any polling agency and makes its selection from any publically available poll based on its relevance to our reader's interests. Over the years it has reported polls conducted by over 350 agencies and institutions.

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Topic of the week: (Click for details)

INSIDE THIS ISSUE

THIS WEEK'S REPORT CONSISTS OF **32** NATIONAL & MULTI COUNTRY SURVEYS. **13** POLLING ORGANIZATIONS HAVE BEEN REPRESENTED.

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Pg **8** **Topic of the week-**
WHO VOTED FOR WHOM IN THE FIRST ROUND OF ELECTIONS IN AFGHANISTAN: The nation gets access to its first ever comprehensive Exit Poll Survey



Countries are represented in blue; Polling organizations are represented in pink. For reference to source of each poll clicks to detail are provided in the text



Asia zone

► MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA; WEST ASIA; SOUTH ASIA; NORTH ASIA; EAST ASIA

► MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA (MENA)

328-1 **Voting Trends of Egyptians in the Upcoming Presidential Elections** (Click for Details)

([Egypt](#)) Nearly 15% of Egyptians have not decided yet who to elect if the presidential elections were to be held tomorrow El-Sisi's popularity increases among Egyptians with less than intermediate education and decreases among Egyptians with university education if compared to his popularity at the end of April. ([Al-Baseera](#))

May 2014

[1.1 Domestic Politics](#) » [Elections](#)



► WEST ASIA

328-2 **Afghanistan's Ethnic, Regional Divisions Produce a Dead Heat in its Presidential Race** (Click for Details)

([Afghanistan](#)) Ethnic and regional divisions drove first-round ballot choices in Afghanistan's presidential election and point now to a dead heat in a runoff between the top two finishers, Abdullah Abdullah and Ashraf Ghani. Yet large majorities of Afghans also say they can set aside their tribal preferences and accept the ultimate winner – a hopeful sign for the country's future. ([ACSOR](#))

May 15, 2014

[1.1 Domestic Politics](#) » [Elections](#)

328-3 **36% Pakistanis Believe There Will Be Problems If A Woman Earns More Money than Her Husband** (Click for Details)

([Pakistan](#)) According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 36% Pakistanis believe there will be problems if a woman earns more money than her husband; 32% disagree. ([Gallup Pak](#))

May 13, 2014

[4.5 Society](#) » [Gender Issues](#)

[4.7 Society](#) » [Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)

328-4 **70% Pakistanis Are Of the Opinion That Children Suffer If A Mother Works For Pay** (Click for Details)

([Pakistan](#)) According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 70% Pakistanis are of the opinion that children suffer if a mother works for pay; 29% disagree. ([Gallup Pak](#))

May 14, 2014

[4.2 Society](#) » [Family](#)

[4.7 Society](#) » [Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)

328-5 **72% Pakistanis Opine That Men Make Better Political Leaders than Women** (Click for Details)

([Pakistan](#)) According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 72% Pakistanis opine that men make better political leaders than women.

([Gallup Pak](#))



May 15, 2014

[4.5 Society » Gender Issues](#)

[4.7 Society » Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)



328-6 **51% Pakistanis Believe University Education Is More Important For Boys than Girls** ([Click for Details](#))

([Pakistan](#)) According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 51% Pakistanis believe university education is more important for boys than girls; 45% think otherwise. ([Gallup Pak](#))

May 16, 2014

[4.5 Society » Gender Issues](#)

[4.10 Society » Education](#)

328-7 **22% Pakistanis Are of the Opinion That Most People Can Be Trusted** ([Click for Details](#))

([Pakistan](#)) According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 22% Pakistanis are of the opinion that most people can be trusted; 74% say need to be very careful. ([Gallup Pak](#))

May 12, 2014

[4.7 Society » Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)

► **SOUTH ASIA**

328-8 **Exit Polls of Indian Elections** ([Click for Details](#))

([India](#)) The different exit polls predict BJP victory in general elections.

[1.1 Domestic Politics » Elections](#)

► **SOUTHEAST ASIA**

328-9 **Hunger At 17.8% of Families; Moderate Hunger 15.0%, Severe Hunger 2.8%** ([Click for Details](#))

([Philippines](#)) The First Quarter 2014 Social Weather Survey, fielded over March 27-30, 2014, found 17.8% or an estimated 3.9 million families experiencing involuntary hunger at least once in the past three months. ([SWS](#))

May 15, 2014

[3.5 Economy » Poverty](#)



Africa zone

► WEST AFRICA; EAST AFRICA; CENTRAL AFRICA;
SOUTHERN AFRICA

► **SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA**



328-10 **Farm Workers in Africa Pessimistic About Their Lives** ([Click for Details](#))

Farm workers living in Africa rate their current and futures lives worse than non-farm workers in the region, which is not wholly unexpected given their low household income. But their ratings are just as pessimistic, if not more so, than those who are not working. ([Gallup USA](#))

May 16, 2014

[3.1 Economy » Perceptions on Performance/ Well-Being](#)



Euro Americas zone

▶ EAST EUROPE, WEST EUROPE; NORTH AMERICA; LATIN AMERICA & AUSTRALASIA

▶ EAST EUROPE

328-11 **Opinions about the Situation in Ukraine and the Crisis in Crimea** (Click for Details)

(Poland) Poles pay ever more attention to the events in Ukraine. The interest in the situation in this country is almost universal (88%). The takeover of Crimea by Russian troops and actions by Russia aimed at sanctioning the separation of the peninsula from Ukraine caused concern in Poland. In February, the majority of Poles (59%) considered the course of events in Ukraine to be important for Poland. (CBOS)

April 2014

[2.5 Foreign Affairs & Security » Regional Conflicts/ Issues](#)

328-12 **Support for Putin Soars In Ukraine Crisis** (Click for Details)

(Russia) Russian President Vladimir Putin, his popularity driven up by the crisis in Ukraine, is firmly on course to win a new term in 2018 if he decides to run, an independent polling agency said on Thursday. (Levada)

May 15, 2014

[1.2 Domestic Politics » Performance Ratings](#)



▶ WEST EUROPE

328-13 **A Fragile Rebound for EU Image on Eve of European Parliament Elections** (Click for Details)

Support for the European Union may be rebounding just in time for the European Parliament elections, according to a new survey of seven EU nations by the Pew Research Center. After a dramatic decline in the wake of the euro crisis, EU favorability is now on the rise in France, the United Kingdom, and Germany. And faith in one of the EU's founding principles – that European economic integration is good for their own country – is up in the UK, Poland and Germany. (Pew Research Center)

May 12, 2014

[1.1 Domestic Politics » Elections](#)

328-14 **Tube Strikes Hurt My Business, Say 45% of London Business People** (Click for Details)

(UK) Most London business opposed the recent tube strikes, though only a minority report being negatively affected. (YouGov)

May 15, 2014

[3.2 Economy » Consumer Confidence/Protection](#)



328-15 **Music Festivals Becoming Too Expensive and Repetitive** (Click for Details)

(UK) Ahead of the upcoming music festival season in 2014, a new YouGov report has shown that many people, including previous festivals attendees, believe that such events are becoming too expensive, not representing value for money, and are repetitive. (YouGov)

May 14, 2014

[4.16 Society » Entertainment](#)

► NORTH AMERICA

328-16 **Satisfaction with Direction of U.S. Remains at 25%** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

(USA) Americans are as satisfied with the way things are going in the U.S. as they have been for the past five months. One in four (25%) say they are satisfied with current direction of the country, while 74% express dissatisfaction. [\(Gallup USA\)](#)

May 16, 2014

[3.1 Economy](#) » [Perceptions on Performance/ Well-Being](#)



328-17 **Democratic Party Still Seen More Favorably Than GOP** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

(USA) Americans view the Democratic Party more favorably than the Republican Party, even though both parties have a net unfavorable rating. Democratic Party favorable ratings have held steady since last June, while Republican favorables have increased slightly from their all-time low last year. Still, if the Republicans' current favorability ratings hold, they will be the lowest ever for either party in an election year. [\(Gallup USA\)](#)

May 16, 2014

[1.4 Domestic Politics](#) » [Political Parties](#)

328-18 **Young Adults, Student Debt and Economic Well-Being** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

(USA) Student debt burdens are weighing on the economic fortunes of younger Americans, as households headed by young adults owing student debt lag far behind their peers in terms of wealth accumulation, according to a new Pew Research Center analysis of government data. About four-in-ten U.S. households (37%) headed by an adult younger than 40 currently have some student debt—the highest share on record, with the median outstanding student debt load standing at about \$13,000. [\(Pew Research Center\)](#)

May 14, 2014

[3.1 Economy](#) » [Perceptions on Performance/ Well-Being](#)

328-19 **Many Americans View Congressional Leaders Negatively** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

(USA) Americans' views of each of the four leaders of the House of Representatives and Senate continue to be more negative than positive. The two House leaders remain better known nationally than the two Senate leaders. [\(Gallup USA\)](#)

May 15, 2014

[1.2 Domestic Politics](#) » [Performance Ratings](#)

328-20 **Anti-Incumbent Sentiment Strong in U.S. Ahead of Midterms** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

(USA) The environment for congressional incumbents seeking re-election may be more challenging in 2014. With six months to go before the midterms, 22% of U.S. registered voters say most members of Congress deserve re-election, and 72% say they do not. The "deserve re-election" figure is on pace to be the lowest Gallup has measured in an election year. [\(Gallup USA\)](#)

May 14, 2014

[1.1 Domestic Politics](#) » [Elections](#)

328-21 **U.S. Small-Business Owners' Optimism Continues to Edge Up** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

(USA) U.S. small-business owners' optimism about their businesses continues to grow, with the Wells Fargo/Gallup Small Business Index rising slightly to +47 in the second quarter of 2014, up from +45 in the first quarter. The index is now at its



highest level since 2008, although it is still significantly lower than in the pre-recession years from 2003 through 2007. ([Gallup USA](#))

May 13, 2014

[3.1 Economy » Perceptions on Performance/ Well-Being](#)

[3.8 Economy » Enterprise/ Investments](#)



328-22 **U.S. Economic Confidence Steady at -14** ([Click for Details](#))

([USA](#)) Gallup's U.S. Economic Confidence Index held steady at -14 last week after inching up three points the week before. This index is toward the upper end of the narrow range measured this year -- from -20 to -13 -- and remains significantly higher than it has been at most points since 2008. However, the index still trails the weekly tracking high of -3 found in late May and early June of 2013. ([Gallup USA](#))

May 13, 2014

[3.1 Economy » Perceptions on Performance/ Well-Being](#)

328-23 **Voter Enthusiasm Down Sharply From 2010** ([Click for Details](#))

([USA](#)) A majority of U.S. registered voters, 53%, say they are less enthusiastic about voting than in previous elections, while 35% are more enthusiastic. This 18-percentage-point enthusiasm deficit is larger than what Gallup has measured in prior midterm election years, particularly in 2010 when there was record midterm enthusiasm. ([Gallup USA](#))

May 12, 2014

[1.1 Domestic Politics » Elections](#)

328-24 **View of Death Penalty Unchanged in U.S.** ([Click for Details](#))

([USA](#)) The recent news about the botched execution of an Oklahoma death row inmate has not affected the way Americans view the death penalty. Sixty-one percent say the death penalty is morally acceptable, similar to the 62% who said so in 2013, although both figures are down from a high of 71% in 2006. ([Gallup USA](#))

May 15, 2014

[4.7 Society » Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)

[4.9 Society » Justice](#)



► LATIN AMERICA

328-25 **Brazilians Are More Pessimistic About the Country** ([Click for Details](#))

([Brazil](#)) Using the assessment made by the Brazilians on various aspects of life, Datafolha prepared the IDC (Datafolha Confidence Index), with the aim of measuring the feeling of Brazilians for the country, as well as developments over time. The data shows that Brazilians are pessimistic about the direction of their country.

([Datafolha](#))

April 04, 2014

[3.1 Economy » Perceptions on Performance/ Well-Being](#)

[3.2 Economy » Consumer Confidence/Protection](#)

► AUSTRALASIA

328-26 **Masthead Audiences Grow Despite Print Declines** ([Click for Details](#))

([Australia](#)) Most of Australia's major metro newspapers have increased their masthead audiences—even though fewer people read their print editions, the latest results from Roy Morgan Research show. ([Roy Morgan](#))

May 14 2014

[4.6 Society » Media/ New Media](#)

328-27 **Domestic Travellers Keep Getaways Short And Sweet** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

[\(Australia\)](#) The majority of domestic holiday travellers only go away for one or two nights, the latest Roy Morgan Single Source Survey shows. [\(Roy Morgan\)](#)

May 13 2014

[4.7 Society » Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)

► MULTI-COUNTRY SURVEYS

328-28 **Global Crisis on Torture Exposed by New Worldwide Campaign** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

Amnesty International has accused governments around the world of betraying their commitments to stamp out torture, three decades after the ground-breaking 'Convention Against Torture' was adopted by the UN in 1984. New global survey of more than 21,000 people in 21 countries across every continent reveals fear of torture exists in all these countries. [\(Globescan\)](#)

May 13, 2014

[4.4 Society » Civil Society](#)

[4.9 Society » Justice](#)



328-29 **Consumer Confidence: Concerns and Spending Intentions around the World** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

Around the globe, more consumers say they're feeling confident. In the first quarter of 2014, global consumer confidence returned to a pre-recession level with an index score of 96—the highest score since first-quarter 2007. This represents a two-point increase from fourth-quarter 2013 and a three-point increase from a year ago (Q1 2013). And there are other positive signs: perceptions of local job prospects improved in all regions except Latin America; recessionary sentiment improved in 68 percent of markets; and discretionary spending intentions increased in all regions. [\(Nielson\)](#)

April 30, 2014

[3.2 Economy » Consumer Confidence/Protection](#)

► EXPERT OPINION

328-30 **Global Experts Rank Unilever Number One for Sustainability Leadership in New Survey** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

A just-released survey of expert stakeholders from business, government, NGOs, and academia across 87 countries shows that Unilever, Patagonia, Interface and M&S are viewed as leaders in corporate sustainability. [\(Globescan\)](#)

May 14, 2014

[3.8 Economy » Enterprise/ Investments](#)

► CYBER WORLD

328-31 **Online Shoppers Go For Grog over Groceries** [\(Click for Details\)](#)

[\(Australia\)](#) More Australians buy alcohol online than groceries, with still less than 1 in 50 people clicking products into a virtual supermarket trolley each month, the latest Roy Morgan Single Source e-commerce data shows. [\(Roy Morgan\)](#)



May 13 2014

[4.7 Society » Morality, Values & Customs / Lifestyle](#)328-32 **The Internet of Things Will Thrive by 2025** ([Click for Details](#))

Many experts say the rise of embedded and wearable computing will bring the next revolution in digital technology. ([Pew Research Center](#))

May 14, 2014

[3.11 Economy » Science & Technology](#)[3.12 Economy » IT & Telecom](#)

Topic of the week:

WHO VOTED FOR WHOM IN THE FIRST ROUND OF ELECTIONS IN AFGHANISTAN: The nation gets access to its first ever comprehensive Exit Poll Survey

► This page is devoted to opinions of countries whose polling activity is generally not known very widely or where a recent topical issue requires special attention.

May 15, 2014

Afghanistan's Ethnic, Regional Divisions Produce a Dead Heat in its Presidential Race



KABUL, Afghanistan— Ethnic and regional divisions drove first-round ballot choices in Afghanistan's presidential election and point now to a dead heat in a runoff between the top two finishers, Abdullah Abdullah and Ashraf Ghani. Yet large majorities of Afghans also say they can set aside their tribal preferences and accept the ultimate winner – a hopeful



sign for the country's future.

A national survey in the Afghan Futures series, conducted in mid-March by ACSOR-Surveys with design and analysis by Langer Research Associates, finds essentially a 50-50 split between Abdullah and Ghani among likely voters, with ethnic Pashtuns, who splintered in the first round, coalescing around Ghani. Abdullah counters with two-thirds support from Tajiks and Hazaras, two other key groups in the country's tribal mix. A fourth group, Uzbeks, broadly back Ghani.

Regardless of these divisions, at least seven in 10 Afghans say they're prepared to accept either of the two runoff candidates as the country's legitimate leader.

Preliminary results from Afghanistan's Independent Elections Commission put the first-round election April 5 at 44.9 percent for Abdullah, 31.5 percent for Ghani and 11.5 percent for Zalmay Rasul, with others in single



digits. This poll, based on 2,643 face-to-face interviews in a nationwide random sample, had similar results among likely voters, 46-35-8 percent.

The runoff contest tightens because likely voters who did not support either Abdullah or Ghani in the first round favor Ghani by 57-34 percent in a two-way race. That includes a 55-31 percent advantage for Ghani among Rasul's supporters; Rasul himself endorsed Abdullah on Sunday.

While Pashtuns are a plurality of Afghans overall, the poll finds that Abdullah benefitted from higher turnout among Tajiks, who predominate in the North, as well as support in the central Hazarjat region and in Kabul. His support was far weaker in the Pashtun-dominated South.

Ghani, for his part, progresses from 49 percent support among Pashtuns in first-round preferences to 75 percent of Pashtuns in a runoff against Abdullah. Ghani, who picked former Uzbek commander Rashid Dostum as his running mate, has 60 percent support from Uzbeks, about one in 10 likely voters.

Aside from ethnic and regional divisions, the results show very few meaningful differences among other groups in support for Abdullah or Ghani – by age, sex, education, urban/rural status or a range of measures about the country's condition or its direction. A statistical analysis conducted for this survey confirms that ethnic backgrounds and regional divisions are by far the strongest individual predictors of voter preferences, holding other potential factors constant.

Still, regardless of the strength of ethnic and regional loyalty, there is crossover voting: Abdullah wins support from a quarter of Pashtuns and four in 10 Uzbeks; Ghani, for his part, is backed by 31 percent of Tajiks and Hazaras alike.

Moreover, a broad 83 percent said they would find it very or somewhat easy to accept someone from an ethnic group other than their own as president.

The survey included several other positive results for the election, widely seen as a critical event in Afghanistan's future stability and development. Fifty-five percent said they expected the vote to be fair and transparent – well more than the 42 percent who said that about the 2009 presidential election in a previous survey.

Perhaps most important is willingness to accept the eventual victor. Including their supporters and those who support their opponent but would respect the outcome regardless, 71 and 76 percent, respectively, said they would accept Abdullah or Ghani as the legitimate leader of Afghanistan. And 82 percent said they were very or somewhat confident that the next president would successfully unite the country around common goals.

The ongoing Afghan Futures surveys have been sponsored as a public service since 2010 by the Afghan Center for Socio-Economic and Opinion Research to track the course of public attitudes in Afghanistan. These results are based on face-to-face interviews conducted by ACSOR March 10-18, 2014, among a random national sample of 2,643 Afghans age 18 and older. Interviews were conducted in Dari and Pashto in all 34 of

the country's provinces. Including design effects, results have a margin of sampling error of +/- 2.5 points for the full sample and +/- 4 points for the sample of 1,190 likely voters.

These results were prepared for delivery Thursday, May 15, at the annual conference of the American Association for Public Opinion Research in Anaheim, California. Details are available from ACSOR-Surveys and Langer Research Associates.

Source: <http://www.acsor-surveys.com/research/afghanistans-ethnic-regional-divisions-produce-a-dead-heat-in-its-presidential-race/>

Gilani's Gallopedia (2007-2014)

A Quantitative Analysis

A quantitative analysis of global polls monitored during the 5 year period January 2007 – January 2014

KEY STATISTICS

- 1- Number of Surveys (*a selection on key political and social issues*): \approx 6,805 polls during the period 2007-2014
- 2- Subjects of Interest (*we have made a list of 125 subjects, further grouped into 9 broad categories, namely: **Governance**, **Globalization** (inclusive of global economic issues) **Global Conflicts** (conflict zones), **Global leaders** (USA and Emerging powers), **Global Environment**, **Family**, **Religion**, and **other miscellaneous***)
- 3- Number of **countries** covered by one or more surveys: \approx 178 during the period 2007-2014
- 4- Number **polling organizations** whose polls have been cited: \approx 358 during the period 2007-2014

